## Judolia cerambyciformis (Schrank) (Col.: Cerambycidae): tThe first Kent record

This attractive longhorn is above all a western species in our islands, as a glance at Map 25 in the valuable *Provisional Atlas* of the group (Twinn & Harding 1999, Biological Records Centre) will at once show. Southern records are concentrated in Wales and the south-west, with a smaller group occupying the area of (roughly) Surrey, Berkshire and Hampshire; in the first of these it is extremely local. The occurrence of the species in Kent is thus of interest as the eastern-most British record, even though not recent: A single specimen was found (I believe, on an umbel), in Squerry's Park, Westerham, West Kent about fifty years ago, in June, by my late friend Arthur Gould, but the record I think was never published. The park is an extensive partly wooded area and it was in such a part that the beetle was taken. It is a safe conclusion that *J. cerambyciformis* must be very rare in the county.– A.A. ALLEN, 49 Montcalm Road, Charlton, London SE7 8QG.

## Lacanobia w-latinum (Hufn.) (Lep.: Noctuidae) at Charlton, south-east London

On 29.v.2000, I detected an unfamiliar, well-marked noctuid moth at rest on a fence under lime trees in a residential road near here. Wishing to take it for identification, but not being equipped for so unlikely an event, I was (for once) grateful to the litterlout who had left some dirty old sheets of newspaper on the pavement not far off. To improvise a small holder was the work of a few moments; and the very torpid moth was carried home without the least trouble or damage.

Plant (1993. *Larger Moths of the London Area*: 153-4) classes this species as very local in the area, the recorded sites "widely spaced and not particularly numerous". He also connects it with the chalk, a formation not found at the surface in this district, where the moth is probably best regarded as casual.– A.A. ALLEN, 49 Montcalm Road, Charlton, London SE7 8QG.

## Hazards of butterfly collecting – late 1999. What is *Brephidium exilis* doing in the Emirates?

In November 1999 had an e-mail from Albert Legrain who met me briefly at some meeting more than ten years ago. He had just been to the United Arab Emirates and had caught a tiny lycaenid that he did not recognise from my books on the Arabian butterflies. He thought it might be a *Brephidium*, a genus known only from South Africa and the dry zone of Mexico/USA (the Sonoran Region). Henri Stempffer considered that the genus was proof pure of a pre-Gondwanan connection. Its presence in the Emirates would only compound a biogeographical conundrum. A good photograph was attached to the e-mail.

Sitting in Manila, I could only confirm that 1) nothing like it was known from Arabia; 2) nothing like it had ever been recorded from Iran or southeastern Asia. I promised to make what inquiries that I could.

Legrain was faster than I was, and got hold of Dr. Trafford Gillet in the Emirates. He knew the butterfly well and had even published a small note in a local newspaper. He had pinned it down to *Brephidium exilis*, a common butterfly in places like Arizona and dry Texas (the Sonoran subregion). But how was *B. exilis* in the Emirates?